

BHARATI VIDYAPEETH (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), PUNE

Faculty of Arts M.A. Dance New Syllabus

Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University School of Performing Arts, Pune Post Graduation Course in Dance. M.A. (Dance- Bharatnatyam) (Credit System) Course Structure and Syllabus

M.A. 1 st Year (Dance) (Bharatnatyam) Sem – 1 st	Credits
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

	M.A. Dance 1 St Year Semester 1		
Paper	Subject	Syllabus	
T13) Theory	History of Dance Indian And Study of Ancient Texts.	 Evolution of Dance: Introduction to Bharata's Natyashastra focusing on its relation with present day dance tradition. Natya Utpatti (evolution), Tandav, Lasya, Acting 4 types, Rasabhav concept, Vrutti, Pravrutti, Natya Prakar (Dhasha Rupak)) Introduction to Abhinaya Darpan and its importance in the context of Bharatnatyam. Introduction to other Sanskrit texts like Sangeet Ratnakar, Nrittaratnavali and Sangeet Saramrita and their relevance to Bharatnatyam. Contribution of the Tanjor dynasties like Cholas, Nayak and Maratha to the upliftment of dance and music in South India. Brief notes on important Tamil and Sanskrit plays like Silappadikaram and Malavikagnimitra. 	
P13) Practical 1	Stage Performance	 a) Varnam in Atta or Rupak Taal (Duration 35 mins.) b) Nritta Choreography: (A Tirmanam or a Korvai of Tillana or Jatiswaram) (It would be given 1 hour in 	
V13) Practical 2	Viva	advance) 1) Performance related topics 2) Natuvangam on Talam of Alarippu- (Khanda/Mishra/Sankirna)	

Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University School of Performing Arts, Pune Post Graduation Course in Dance. M.A. (Dance- Bharatnatyam) (Credit System)

M.A. (Dance- Bharatnatyam) (Credit System Course Structure and Syllabus

M.A. 1 st Year (Dance) (Bharatnatyam) Sem – 2 nd	Credits
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

	M.A. Dance 1 St Year Semester 2		
Paper	Subject	Syllabus	
T23) Theory	Choreography	 The meaning and history of the term Choreography and its parallel concept Bandha as found in Natyashastra. Principals and objectives of Choreography, selection of Subjects, proper musical treatment for selected subjects. Choreography in modern context its application, its past-present and future. Contribution of Uday Shankar, Ravindranath Tagore and Rukmini Devi. Concept of Bharata natyam Margam and the choreographic special features of the Margam compositions. Presentation of Choreography using modern techniques. Information on Bharatnatyam related creative choreographies in modern times. Use of Classical based Choreography in Films. History of various forms of dance drama traditions in India. 	
P23) Practical 1	Stage Performance	 Stage Performance (Total Duration 25 - 30 mins.) a) Ashtapadi: (From Jaydeva's Geetagovinda, excluding Dashavatar) b) Tillana other than Adi and Rupak Taal b) A Full Jatiswaram or Tillana (It would be given 10 days in advance) 	
V23) Practical 2	Viva	1) Performance related topics 2) Natuvangam – Jatiswaram 3) Singing and playing इन Talam	

Post Graduation Course in Dance.

M.A. (Dance- Bharatnatyam) (Credit System) **Course Structure and Syllabus**

M.A. 2 nd Year (Dance)	Credits
(Bharatnatyam) Sem – 3 rd	
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

M.A. Dance 2 nd Year Semester 3			
Paper	Subject	Syllabus	
T33)Theory	Aesthetics in Dance	 Bharata's Rasa theory, other Indian Aestheticians like Abhinava Gupta & Bhoj, it's exposition in Dance Aesthetics of traditional Bharatnatyam and Gharana. The concept of "Sanchari" as related to Dance. Bharatnatyam in Temple tradition and Court tradition. Pioneers of Western Aesthetics (Socrates, Plato and Aristotle), Hinduism its Philosophical and spiritual aspects, Interrelationship of Dance and other Arts. 	
P33) Practical 1	Stage Performance	a) An elaboration of Nritta and Abhinaya composition like Swarajati or Raagmalika (Duration 30 mins.) b) A solo choreography The piece would be given 15 days prior to the examination day	
V33) Practical 2	Viva	Performance related topics	

Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University School of Performing Arts, Pune Post Graduation Course in Dance.

M.A. (Dance- Bharatnatyam) (Credit System)

M.A. 2 nd Year (Dance)	Credits
(Bharatnatyam) Sem – 4 th	
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

M.A. Dance 2 nd Year Semester 4			
Paper	Subject	Syllabus	
T43)Theory	Writing on Dance and Teaching Methodology of Dance	1. Criticism 2. News Paper Article, 3. Biography writing 4. Theoretical writing (subjects related to Dance). 5. An Essay writing 6. Interview 7.Teaching Methodology of Dance Guru-Shishya Parampara-its meaning, Ancient form and basic principles, its importance in modern educational system, attributes of ideal dance teacher and student, basic principles of teaching, its modification and application in relation with dance. Different levels of dance training like school level, hobby and private classes and University courses, their specific aims and objects, dance training for	
P43) Practical 1	Stage Performance 1	personality development, morals of dance profession a) Performance of 25- 30 min. incorporating Nritta and Abhinaya: Padam – Kshetriya padam or Jawali (Duration would be 5to7 Min.) b) A creative group choreography of 5to 7min. – based on a concept including Nritta & Abhinaya using traditional vocabulary with the live music and a group of 3 to 7 participants. (Concept would be given by the dept at the beginning of the semester.)	
V43) Practical 2	Viva	Doing Natuvangam for a composition having Nritta and Nritya along with singing ability.	

M.A. 1 st Year (Dance) (Kathak) Sem – 1 st	Credits
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

M.A. Dance 1 St Year Semester 1			
Paper	Paper Name		
T14) Theory	History of	1. Evolution of Dance:	
111) Incory	Dance (Indian)	2. Introduction to Bharata's	
	and	Natyashastra focusing on its relation with present	
	Study of	day dance tradition. Natya Utpatti (evolution),	
	Ancient Texts.	Tandav, Lasya, 4 types of Abhinaya, Rasabhav	
		concept, Vrutti, Pravrutti, Natya Prakar	
		(DashaRoopak)	
		3. Description of contents of Abhinaydarpan.	
		Abhinayadarpan and its importance in the context of	
		Kathak.	
		4. Introduction to other Sanskrit texts like	
		Sangeet Ratnakar etc.	
		5. Definitions of each and every aspect of the Kathak	
		repertoire with examples (Vandana, Thaat, Aamad,	
		Toda, Chakradar Toda, Paran, Chakradar Paran, Kavitta, Tihai, etc.)	
		6. Notation of dance Bandishes	
P14) Practical 1	Stage	a) Presenting a complete repertoire of Kathak in Teentaal	
114) I lactical I	Performance Performance	Or Raas Taal	
	1 ci i oi manec		
		b) Any one from the following Ashtanayikaas -	
		Abhisarika, Khandita, Virahotkanthita, Vipralabdha	
		Total Presentation for approx. 30 minutes. (Should	
		include a vandana, Taal presentation and Abhinaya of M.	
		A. level)	
V14) Practical 2	Viva		
		1. Recitation and Tatkar: Ekgun, Dugun, Tigun,	
		Chaugun and Tihai in Theka of the following Taalas	
		Teentaal, Jhaptaal, Ektaal, Rupak, Dhamar and	
		Raas.	
		2. Composing small Tihai's as asked by the examiner,	
		in the above given Talas.	
		3. Tarana	
		4. All stage presentation related topics	

M.A. 1 st Year (Dance)	Credits
(Kathak) Sem – 2 nd	
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

Viva	08	
	M.A. Dan	nce 1 St Year Semester 2
Paper	Paper Name	Syllabus
T24) Theory P24) Practical 1	Choreography	 The meaning and history of the term Choreography and its parallel concept Bandha as found in Natyashastra. Principles and objectives of choreography. Selection of subjects and proper musical treatment to selected subjects. Presentation of Modern Choreography using modern technology. Use of Classical based Choreography in Films. History of various dance drama traditions in India Raas-Leela, Dashawtar (Khele), Nautanki, Yakshagaan, Ankiyanaat Detailed information about the compositions sung with Kathak. (Thumri, Bhajan, Tarana and Chatarang) Biographies of Pt. Gopi Krishna and Pt. Birju Maharaj. Presenting a complete Kathak repertoire in
P24) Practical 1	Performance	 a) Presenting a complete Kathak repertoire in Jhaptaal or Basant b) Any one Ashtanayika from the following 4 types - Swadhinpatika, Wasaksajja, Kalahantariata, Proshitpatika (30 minutes) (Should include Vandana, Taal, Abhinaya. Taal from last semester should not be repeated.)
V24) Practical 2	Viva	 Four special compositions from any Taal with their proper descriptions. (Recitation as well as presentation with Theka is mandatory) a. e.g.Parmelu, Farmaishi Chakradar, Bedam compositions etc. Sargam Or Tarana (It would be given 10 days in advance) One speciality in Tatkaar in Teen Taal E.g.Rela, Kayda, Ladi.etc. All stage presentation related topics

M.A. 2 nd Year (Dance) (Kathak) Sem – 3 rd	Credits
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

M.A. Kathak 2 nd Year Semester 3			
Paper	Paper Name	Syllabus	
T34) Theory	Aesthetics in Dance	 Abhinav Gupta and Bharata's Rasa theory and it's exposition in Dance Aesthetics of traditional Kathak. Nawab Wajid Ali Shah's contribution to Kathak Kathak in Temple tradition and Court tradition Brief introduction to the Pioneers of Western Aesthetics (Socrates, Plato, and Aristotle), Hinduism its Philosophical and spiritual aspects, Interrelationship of Dance and other Arts. Interrelationship of Dance and other Performing Arts. 	
P34) Practical 1	Stage Performance	Presenting a complete Kathak repertoire in Ektaal or Chautaal or Gajazampa or Pancham-Sawari for approx. 30 min. It should include Vandana, Taal and Abhinaya. (Presentation from earlier semester should not be repeated.)	
V34) Practical 2	Viva	Presentation of following items: (Viva) 1. Solo choreography. For solo choreography a Bandish will be given 8 days in advance. 2. Various compositions in Teentaal based on Jaati or Yati. 3. All stage presentation related topics	

M.A. 2 nd Year (Dance) (Kathak) Sem –4 th	Credits
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

M.A. Kathak 2 nd Year Semester 4		
Paper	Subject	Syllabus
T44) Theory	Writing on	1. Criticism
	Dance and	2. News Paper Article,
	Teaching	3. Biography writing
	Methodology of	4. Theoretical writing (subjects related to Dance).
	Dance	5. An Essay writing
		6. Interview
		7. Teaching Methodology of Dance
		Guru-Shishya Parampara, its meaning, ancient form and
		basic principles, its importance in modern educational
		system, attributes of ideal dance teacher and student, basic
		principles of teaching, its modification and application in
		relation with dance. Different levels of dance training like
		school level, hobby and private classes and University
		courses, their specific aims and objects, dance training for
		personality development, morals of dance profession
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P44) Practical 1	Stage Performance	Presenting a complete Kathak repertoire in Rupak or Dhamar or Shikhar Taal (for approx.30 minutes). Should
	remormance	include vandana, Taal and Abhinaya. (Presentation from
		earlier semester should not be repeated)
		earner semester should not be repeated)
V44) Practical 2	Viva	Presentation of following items:
		1. Trivat or Chatarang
		2. A creative group choreography of 5to 7min. – based on
		a concept including Nritta & Abhinaya using traditional
		vocabulary with the live music and a group of 3 to 7
		participants.
		(Concept would be given by the dept at the beginning of
		the semester.)
		3. All stage presentation related topics



BHARATI VIDYAPEETH (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY), PUNE

Faculty of Arts M.A. Dance Old Syllabus

Post Graduation Course in Dance.
M.A. (Dance- Bharatnatyam) (Credit System)
Course Structure and Syllabus

M.A. 1 st Year (Dance)	Credits
(Bharatnatyam) Sem – 1 st	
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

	M.A. Dano	ce 1 st Year Semester 1
Paper	Subject	Syllabus
T13) Theory	History of Dance Indian And Study of Ancient Texts.	 Evolution of Dance: Introduction to Bharata's Natyashastra focusing on its relation with present day dance tradition. Natya Utpatti (evolution), Tandav, Lasya, Acting 4 types, Rasabhav concept, Vrutti, Pravrutti, Natya Prakar (Dhasha Rupak)) Introduction to Abhinaya Darpan and its importance in the context of Bharatnatyam. Introduction to other Sanskrit texts like Sangeet Ratnakar, Nrittaratnavali and Sangeet Saramrita and their relevance to Bharatnatyam. Contribution of the Tanjor dynasties like Cholas, Nayak and Maratha to the upliftment of dance and music in South India. Brief notes on important Tamil and Sanskrit plays like Shilapadikaram and Malavikagnimitra.
P13) Practical 1	Stage Performance	a) Varnam in Ata or Rupak Taal (Duration 35 mins.)
		b) Choreography: (A Tirmanam and a Korvai of Tillana or Jatiswaram) (to be given 1 hour in advance)
V13) Practical 2	Viva	Performance related topics Natuvangam on Tattakali or Alarippu- (Khanda/Mishra/sankirna)

Post Graduation Course in Dance.
M.A. (Dance- Bharatnatyam) (Credit System)

M.A. 1 st Year (Dance)	Credits
(Bharatnatyam) Sem – 2 nd	
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

M.A. Dance 1 St Year Semester 2		
Paper	Subject	Syllabus
T23) Theory	Choreography	 The meaning and history of the term Choreography and its parallel concept Bandha as found in Natyashastra. Principals and objectives of Choreography, selection of Subjects, proper musical treatment for selected subjects. Choreography in modern context its application, its past-present and future. Contribution of Uday Shankar, Ravindranath Tagore and Rukmini Devi. Concept of Bharata natyam Margam and the choreographic special features of the Margam compositions. Presentation of Choreography using modern techniques. Information on Bharatnatyam related creative choreographies in modern times. Use of Classical based Choreography in Films. History of various forms of dance drama traditions in India.
P23) Practical 1	Stage Performance	a) Ashtapadi: Tillana in Taal other than Adi and Rupak (Total Duration 30 mins.)
		b) A Full Jatiswaram or Tillana (to be given 1 week in advance)
V23) Practical 2	Viva	Performance related topics Natuvangam – Jatiswaram Singing and playing Talam

Post Graduation Course in Dance.

M.A. (Dance- Bharatnatyam) (Credit System)

M.A. 2 nd Year (Dance)	Credits
(Bharatnatyam) Sem – 3 rd	
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

M.A. Dance 2 nd Year Semester 3		
Paper	Subject	Syllabus
T33)Theory	Aesthetics in Dance	 Bharata's Rasa theory, other Indian Aestheticians like Abhinava Gupta & Bhoj, it's exposition in Dance Aesthetics of traditional Bharatnatyam and Gharana. The concept of "Sanchari" as related to Dance. Bharatnatyam in Temple tradition and Court tradition. Pioneers of Western Aesthetics (Socrates, Plato and Aristotle), Hinduism its Philosophical and spiritual aspects, Interrelationship of Dance and other Arts.
P33) Practical 1	Stage Performance 1	 a) An elaboration of Nritya composition like Swarajati or Raagmalika (Duration 30 mins.) b) Group Choreography of Nritta composition with an abstract or absolute concept – Natuvangam of this composition.
V33) Practical 2	Viva	Performance related topics

Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University

School of Performing Arts, Pune

Post Graduation Course in Dance.

M.A. (Dance- Bharatnatyam) (Credit System)

M.A. 2 nd Year (Dance)	Credits
(Bharatnatyam) Sem – 4 th	
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

M.A. Dance 2 nd Year Semester 4		
Paper	Subject	Syllabus
T43)Theory	Writing on Dance and Teaching Methodology of Dance	 Criticism News Paper Article, Biography Theoretical writing (subjects related with Dance). An Essay writing
		Guru-Shishya Parampara-its meaning, Ancient form and basic principles, its importance in modern educational system, attributes of ideal dance teacher and student, basic principles of teaching, its modification and application in relation with dance. Different levels of dance training like school level, hobby, private classes and University courses, their specific aims and objects, dance training for personality development, morals of dance profession
P43) Practical 1	Stage Performance 1	 a) Daru- novel composition incorporating Nritta and Nritya: Padam - Traditional Vatsalya or Bhakti Padam. (Total Duration 30 mins.) b) A Padam: (Shringar Padam) (to be given 1 week in advance)
V43) Practical 2	Viva	Doing Natuvangam for a composition having Nritta and Nritya along with singing ability.

Bharati Vidyapeeth Deemed University

School of Performing Arts, Pune

M.A. Dance (Kathak) (Credit System)

M.A. 1 st Year (Dance) (Kathak) Sem – 1 st	Credits
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

M.A. Dance 1 st Year Semester 1		
Paper	Paper Name	Syllabus
T14) Theory	History of	Evolution of Dance:
	Dance	2. Introduction to Bharata's
	(Indian) and	Natyashastra focusing on its relation with
	Study of	present day dance tradition. Natya Utpatti
	Ancient	(evolution), Tandav, Lasya, Acting 4 types,
	Texts.	Rasabhav concept, Vrutti, Pravrutti, Natya
		Prakar (Dhasha Rupak)
		3. Description of contents of Abhinaydarpan.
		AbhinayaDarpan and its importance in the context of Kathak.
		4. Introduction to other Sanskrit texts like
		Sangeet Ratnakar.
		5. Definitions of each and every aspect of the
		Kathak repertoire, with examples. (Vandana,
		Thaat, Aamad, Toda, Chakradar Toda, Paran,
		Chakradar Paran, Kavitta, Tihai, etc.)
		6. Detailed information about Hindustani semi-
		classical compositions used in Kathak. (Thumri,
		Bhajan, Tarana and Chatarang)
		7. Biographies of Pt. Gopi Krishna and Pt. Birju Maharaj.
		8. Notation of dance Bandishes.
P14) Practical 1	Stage	a) Presenting a complete repertoire of Kathak in
1 14) 1 14001041 1	Performance	Teentaal for approx. 30 minutes. (Should include a
		vandana, Taal presentation and Abhinaya of M. A.
		level)
		1 '
		b) Presentation of following items:
		1. Tarana 2. Detailed presentation of Page Tagl (13 heats)
		2. Detailed presentation of Raas Taal (13 beats)3. Any one Nayika from Ashtanayika's
		o. They one reagina from Ashtanayina s
V14) Practical 2	Viva	1. Reciting Ekgun, Dugun, Chaugun with Tihai in
		Theka as well as syllables of dance
		- Teentaal, Jhaptaal, Ektaal, Rupak,
		Dhamar and Raas.
		2. Composing small Tihai's as asked by the
		examiner, in the above given Talas.

M.A. Dance (Kathak) (Credit System) Course Structure and Syllabus

M.A. 1 st Year (Dance) (Kathak) Sem – 2 nd	Credits
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

M.A. Dance 1 St Year Semester 2		
Paper	Paper Name	Syllabus
T24) Theory	Choreography	 The meaning and history of the term Choreography and its parallel concept Bandha as found in Natyashastra. Principles and objectives of choreography. Selection of subjects, proper musical treatment for selected subjects. Presentation of Modern Choreography using modern techniques. Information on Kathak related creative choreography in modern times. Use of Classical based Choreography in Films. History of various dance drama traditions in India
P24) Practical 1	Stage Performance	a) Presenting a complete Kathak repertoire in Jhaptaal: (30 minutes). (Should include Vandana, Taal, Abhinaya. Taal from last semester should not be repeated.) b) Presentation of following items: 1. Sargam 2. Detailed presentation of Basant Taal (9 beats) 3. Any one Nayika from Ashtanayika's (Nayika from last semester should not be repeated)
V24) Practical 2	Viva	 Four special compositions from any Taal with their proper descriptions. (Recitation as well as presentation) E.g. Parmelu, Farmaishi Chakradar, Bedam compositions etc. One speciality in Tatkaar E.g. Rela, Kayda, Bandh.etc.

M.A. 2 nd Year (Dance) (Kathak) Sem – 3 rd	Credits
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

	M.A. Kathak 2 nd Year Semester 3	
Paper	Paper Name	Syllabus
T34) Theory	Aesthetics in Dance	 Bharata's Rasa theory, other aestheticians like Abhinav Gupta & Bhoj, it's exposition in Dance Aesthetics of traditional Kathak. Nawab Wajid Ali Shah's contribution to Kathak Kathak in Temple tradition and Court tradition Pioneers of Western Aesthetics (Socrates, Plato, and Aristotle), Hinduism its Philosophical and spiritual aspects, Interrelationship of Dance and other Arts.
P34) Practical 1	Stage Performance	 a) Presenting a complete Kathak repertoire in Ektaal or Chautaal for approx. 30 min. should include Vandana, Taal and Abhinaya. (Presentation from earlier semester should not be repeated.) b) Presentation of following items: 1. Solo choreography. For solo choreography a Bandish will be given 8 days in advance. 2. Detailed presentation in Gajajhampa Taal (15 beats)
V34) Practical 2	Viva	Various Tihaai's based on Jaati or Yati.

M.A. 2 nd Year (Dance) (Kathak) Sem –4 th	Credits
Theory paper	03
Stage Performance	14
Viva	08

	M.A. Kathak 2 nd Year Semester 4		
Paper	Subject	Syllabus	
T44) Theory	Writing on Dance and Teaching Methodology of Dance	 Criticism News Paper Article, Biography Theoretical writing (subjects related with Dance). An Essay writing 	
		Guru-Shishya Parampara-its meaning, Ancient form and basic principles, its importance in modern educational system, attributes of ideal dance teacher and student, basic principles of teaching, its modification and application in relation with dance. Different levels of dance training like school level, hobby and private classes and University courses, their specific aims and objects, dance training for personality development, morals of dance profession	
P44) Practical 1	Stage Performance	a) Presenting a complete Kathak repertoire in Rupak or Dhamar for approx. (30 minutes). Should include vandana, Taal and Abhinaya. (Presentation from earlier semester should not be repeated)	
		b) Presentation of following items:	
		 Detailed presentation in Shikhar Taal (17 beats) Trivat or Chatarang Group choreography. For group choreography Saragam / composition should be given 15 days advance. 	
V44) Practical 2	Viva	Performance related topics	